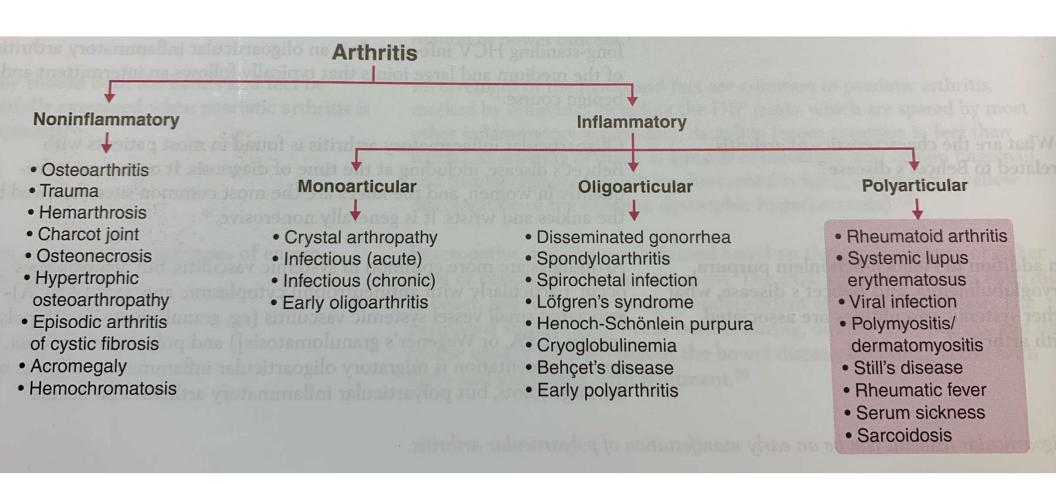


DISSEMINATED GONORRHEA



CC: fever, joint pains

HPI: 40 yr old woman.

- Left shoulder pain and left hand pain radiating from index finger to base of thumb for ~1 week.
- Right knee pain ~2 weeks ago, now resolved
- Fevers up to 103F at home. In contact with coworker who recently rested positive for Covid-19.
- No trauma / injury
- Neg: chills, neck pain or stiffness, headache, SOB, cough, dysuria, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea

PMH: Hx syphilis (s/p tx in 2017), Hx chlamydia (s/p tx in 2017).

SurgHx: B/l tubal ligation

SH: Denied ETOH, tobacco, or drug use.

- Pt and current partner are monogamous
- Hx of male partner who had extramarital affairs

ALLERGIES: NKDA

MEDS: none

PHYSICAL EXAM:

Tmax: 37.1C, BP: 138/88, HR: 86, RR: 20, SpO2: 100% on RA

General: well appearing, NAD

HEENT: AT & NC, PERRLA, EOMI, nonicteric sclera, MMM, supple neck

CV: RRR, no M/R/G

Pulm: unlabored breathing on room air, CTAB

GI: nondistended, nml bowel sounds, soft, nontender, no HSM

MSK: no edema, no cyanosis, left index finger and thumb MCP swelling and TTP, pain when left index finger flexes to 20°, full painless ROM in shoulders, elbows, and wrists.

Back: no CVA tenderness, no bony tenderness along spine

Skin: No rashes, no lesions

Neuro: A&Ox3, answering questions appropriately, no focal deficits

LABS: 6.7 3.5 106 140 0.2 < 0.2 4.4 26 0.7 13 18 UA Blood cultures x2 SG: 1.014 69 Gram neg diplococci,

not N meningitidis

CT/GC: positive CT &

SG: 1.014
Trace protein

Hgb: negative

Nitrites: negative

LE: 3+

23 WBC / HPF Rare bacteria

Urine cultures x2

No growth / mixed uroflora

CT/GC: negative

Pharyngeal

Urine

GC

CT/GC: positive CT &

GC

Covid-19: negative

HIV: negative

Syphilis Ab: detected Syphilis RPR titer: 1:1

PROBLEM REPRESENTATION:

Early-middle age woman with hx of STDs (syphilis and chlamydia s/p tx) and subacute hx of polyarthalgias, presenting with fevers and acute arthritis / tenosynovitis of left hand.

DIAGNOSIS: DISSEMINATED GONORRHEA

LEARNING POINTS:

- Reviewed how to think about arthritis by categorizing noninflammatory vs inflammatory and mono-/oligo-/polyarticular etiologies
- CDC screening recommendations
 - Men: those at high risk (MSM)
 - Women: can be asymptomatic
 - <25 yrs old and ≥ 25 yrs old + STI risk factors
- Preferred screening and dx test
 - Uncomplicated: NAAT (urine, genital/throat/rectal swab)
 - Disseminated: Blood, joint, abscess, and/or CSF cultures
- Gonorrhea Treatment
 - Increasing azithromycin resistance
 - Ceftriaxone monotherapy
- !BONUS! Chlamydia Treatment
 - Increasing azithromycin resistance too
 - Doxycycline 100mg BID x 7 days