












WARM UP!

A 32-year-old woman is brought to the emergency department by her boyfriend after she was found unresponsive and lying on the ground. She was last seen more than 24 hours ago. History is significant for substance use disorder. She has no other medical problems and takes no prescription drugs.

On physical examination, the patient is intubated and on mechanical ventilation. She is minimally responsive. Blood pressure is 120/75 mm Hg, and pulse rate is 110/min. The remainder of the vital signs and the cardiac, pulmonary, and abdominal examinations are unremarkable. The neurologic examination is nonfocal. Urine output has been <20 mL/h for the past 2 hours.

- Which of the following is the most appropriate treatment?
 - a) Hemodialysis
 - b) IV 0.9% saline
 - c) IV 5% dextrose
 - d) IV calcium gluconate infusion
 - e) IV isotonic sodium bicarbonate in 5% dextrose

Laboratory studies:

Calcium 	6.9 mg/dL (1.7 mmol/L) 
Creatine kinase 	40,000 U/L
Creatinine 	2.8 mg/dL (247.5 µmol/L)
Electrolytes 	
Sodium 	150 mEq/L (150 mmol/L)
Potassium 	5.5 mEq/L (5.5 mmol/L)
Chloride 	110 mEq/L (110 mmol/L)
Bicarbonate 	16 mEq/L (16 mmol/L)
Phosphorus 	5.9 mg/dL (1.9 mmol/L) 
Fractional excretion of sodium	<1%
Urine myoglobin	300 mg/mL
Urinalysis	Reddish brown urine; pH 5.2; 4+ blood; 2+ protein; granular casts
Toxicology screen	Positive for cocaine and opiates












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CC: agitation and weakness

HPI: 64 yr old woman.

- 3 months of agitation, confusion, and weakness
- Symptoms are getting worse, especially in the last 3 days
- Asking repeatedly for water, going to the bathroom many times a day and night, "wobbly on feet"

- No recent trauma or falls

- No other notable ROS

PMH: T2DM, hypothyroidism, bipolar disorder (remission)

SurgHx: Unilateral nephrectomy (possibly due to kidney mass?)

SH: Denied ETOH, tobacco, or drug use.

- Lives with son

ALLERGIES: NKDA

MEDS:

- Amitriptyline (TCA)
- Atorvastatin
- ASA
- Dulaglutide (GLP-1 agonist)
- Insulin
- Levothyroxine
- Lithium

PHYSICAL EXAM:

Tmax: 36.7C, **BP:** 112/66, **HR:** 72, **RR:** 17, **SpO2:** 98% on RA

General: Intermittent **agitation** / distress and then dozes off

HEENT: PERRLA, nonicteric sclera, dry MM, supple neck

CV: RRR, no M/R/G

Pulm: unlabored breathing on room air, CTAB

GI: obese, nondistended, nml bowel sounds, soft, nontender, no HSM

MSK: no edema, pulses 2+, warm extremities, no rigidity

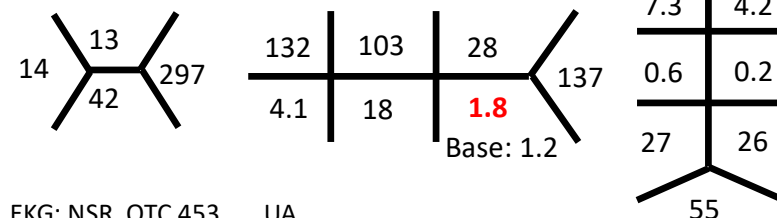
Skin: No rashes, no lesions

Neuro: intermittently dozes off, A&O x1 (name), **diffuse tremors / myoclonic jerks**, moving all extremities spontaneously

PROBLEM REPRESENTATION:

Elderly woman w/ hx unilateral nephrectomy, bipolar d/o on Lithium, hypothyroidism, presenting with chronic progressive encephalopathy, polydipsia, polyuria, ataxia, and tremors, found to have...

LABS:



EKG: NSR, QTC 453

Lithium: 2.2 (↑)

Utox: negative

Lactate: 2.2

TSH: 3.61 (nml)

FT4: 1.0 (nml)

UA

SG: 1.016

1+ protein

Nitrites: negative

2+ LE

50 WBC / HPF

Many bacteria

Urine Na: 39

Urine Cr: 219

Covid-19: negative

Blood cultures x2

No growth

Urine cultures

≥100,000 E. faecium

CTH: negative

CXR: negative

The background is a solid black rectangle. In the center is a large circle with a thin white outline and a thicker light green outline. To the left of the circle, there are two horizontal wavy lines. Below the wavy lines is a small solid orange circle. To the right of the circle, there is a small double-lined orange circle in the upper right and a rectangular grid of small white dots in the lower right.

LITHIUM TOXICITY

LITHIUM

- Narrow therapeutic window
- Rapid GI absorption
- Excreted almost entirely by the **KIDNEYS**
 - Minor declines in renal function → toxicity

Quora

Search for questions, people, or topics



Is the lithium battery the same as lithium drug used for bipolar disorder? If yes, does the explosion affect humans as the drug lithium does?

7 Answers

TRIGGERS OF TOXICITY

- Dehydration (vomiting, diarrhea, anorexia, warm climates)
- Anything that causes renal injury
 - Medication induced (ACEi or NSAIDs)
 - Old age (age-related renal decline)

MANIFESTATIONS

ACUTE

- GI
 - Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea
- Cardiac
 - Prolonged QTC & rarely bradycardia
 - Typically **NOT** associated w/ ↑ cardiac enzymes or LV dysfunction
- Neuro
 - Sluggishness, confusion, agitation, ataxia, NM excitability (tremors)
 - Seizures, nonconvulsive status epilepticus

CHRONIC

- Neuro
 - **SILENT** (Syndrome of Irreversible Li Effectuated Neurotoxicity)
- Renal
 - Nephrogenic DI

LABS

- Li levels: Trend q2-q4 hrs. Initial level may NOT be peak!
- Utox, Tylenol, Salicylate levels: common coingestion
- EKG: Check for prolonged QTC
- High TSH, low T3 & T4
- Calcium
- Beta-hCG: Teratogenic
- R/o etiologies of AKI
- R/o etiologies of AMS (MIST)

TREATMENT

- Evaluate ABCs
- STOP offending agent
- Call Poison Control 800-411-8080
- IVFs
- **GI decontamination**
- Dialysis



**ACTIVATED CHARCOAL IS NOT
EFFECTIVE FOR LITHIUM**

POISON CONTROL

Useful Extensions and Phone Numbers

5-xxxx = 885- 3-xxxx = 793-

Units	Numbers + Fax	Miscellaneous	
2A CCU	55335, Fax 55275	Admitting/Bed Control	56600, 56660
2A ICU	35656, Fax	Cardiac Cath Lab	54350, Fax 35820
2A MICU	55252, Fax 55343	Central Supply	56790
2C SURG	56617, Fax 54027	Chaplain	56996, 56994
2K SICU	55305, Fax 55313	Chaplain Catholic	56997
2K TICU	53200, Fax 53221	Coroner	31900
3A ARU	55647, Fax 55634	ECHO	56092
3A RRU	52229, Fax 31823	EEG Outpatient	55590
3E SURG	52190, Fax 52052	EKG Department	54370
3K MICC	56616, Fax 56638	Employee Health	32658
3M L&D	56400, Fax 56454	Gateway (Sub Abuse)	800-488-9919
3M NICU	56428, Fax 56440	Human Resources	55450
4A ARU	52180, Fax 52175	Infection Control	55760
4E MED	52208, Fax 31824	Information Systems	55300
4K SURG	55660, Fax 55699	Medical Records	55130
4K BURN	56666, Fax 56675	Mental Health	800-704-0900
5A PCU	56640, Fax 56662	Pager Office	57321
5M PEDS	55255, Fax 55259	Poison Control	800-411-8080
5M PICU	55260, Fax 55263	Public Health	792-5050
6A Med	54090, Fax 54288	PURC	54495
EPS	56100, Fax 56117	Resource Nurse	p275-3392
Pharmacy		Renal Dialysis Inpt	55732
Main Hospital	52360	Renal Dialysis Outpt	55730
Main IV Room	52375, 52360 *1,1	Respiratory Therapist	52080

DISPO

- Observe and provide supportive therapy
- Generally ok to discharge when $Li < 1.5$

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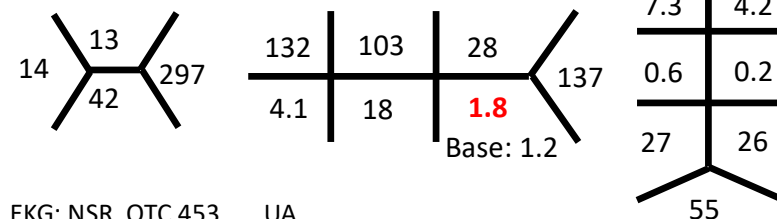
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DIAGNOSIS: LITHIUM TOXICITY

LEARNING POINTS:

- Li is almost entirely excreted by the **kidneys**, so even minor declines in function can trigger toxicity.
- Manifestations / Complications
 - Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea
 - Encephalopathy, agitation, ataxia, NM excitability, seizures, non-convulsive status
 - Syndrome of Irreversible Li Effectuated Neurotoxicity (SILENT)
 - Nephrogenic DI
- Check Li levels frequently because they **may NOT have peaked yet!**
- Treatment
 - Stop offending agent
 - Monitor ABCs
 - IVFs
 - GI decontamination (activated charcoal is NOT effective)
 - Dialysis
- Poison Control: 800-411-8080